## UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE WESTERN DISTRICT OF MICHIGAN NORTHERN DIVISION

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WILLIAM L. SNE	EAD,		
	Plaintiff,	Case No. 2:11-cv-288	
v.		Honorable Robert Holmes	s Bell
STATE OF WISC	ONSIN, et al.,		
	Defendants.		

## REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION

This is a civil rights action brought by a *pro se* non-prisoner pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983. On February 27, 2012, the court issued an Order to Show Cause why Plaintiff's action should not be dismissed for failure to serve named Defendants pursuant to Rule 4(m) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure. On March 2, 2012, Plaintiff filed a response which fails to address his failure to serve Defendants or to state that he is planning on executing such service. Moreover, Plaintiff states that it was never his goal to "sue someone," and that he was merely seeking a hearing allowing him to voice his concerns regarding "trials illegally done in public." Therefore, Plaintiff's complaint should be dismissed pursuant to Rule 4(m).

In addition, a review of the allegations in Plaintiff's complaint do not state a claim under the United States Constitution. Plaintiff asserts that while living in the Defendant States, he was regularly subjected to taunting and other verbal abuse by various individuals in the community. However, Plaintiff fails to specify the nature of these taunts or to complain of any other conduct. Claims of abusive language and general harassment do not state a claim under the substantive due process clause. *Ivey v. Wilson*, 832 F.2d 950 (6th Cir. 1987); *Ishaaq v. Compton*, 900 F. Supp. 935,

944 (W.D. Tenn., 1995); *Meadows v. Gibson*, 855 F. Supp. 223, 225 (W.D. Tenn., 1994). The Sixth

Circuit has held that a pattern of racial harassment involving racial slurs may violate the Equal

Protection Clause. Knop v. Johnson, 977 F.2d 996, 1013-14 (6th Cir. 1992), cert. denied, 507 U.S.

973 (1993). However, the use of racial slurs, without harassment or some other conduct that

deprives the victim of established rights, fails to state a claim for violation of the Equal Protection

Clause. Williams v. Bramer, 180 F.3d 699, 706 (5th Cir. 1999); Williams v. Kaufman County, 86

F. Supp. 2d 586, 598 (N.D. TX, Feb. 7, 2000); Oliver v. Cuttler, 968 F. Supp. 83, 88 (E.D. N.Y.,

May 24, 1997). Because the conduct alleged by Plaintiff does not violate his rights under the United

States Constitution, his complaint is properly dismissed for lack of merit.

Accordingly, for the reasons set forth above, the undersigned recommends dismissal

of Plaintiff's complaint. In addition, for the same reasons that the undersigned recommended

dismissal of this action, the undersigned discerns no good-faith basis for an appeal. Coppedge v.

United States, 369 U.S. 438, 445 (1961).

NOTICE TO PARTIES: Objections to this Report and Recommendation must be

served on opposing parties and filed with the Clerk of the Court within 14 days of receipt of this

Report and Recommendation. 28 U.S.C. § 636(b)(1)(C); Fed. R. Civ. P. 72(b); W.D. Mich. LCivR

72.3(b). Failure to file timely objections constitutes a waiver of any further right to appeal. *United* 

States v. Walters, 638 F.2d 947 (6th Cir. 1981). See also Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140 (1985).

/s/ Timothy P. Greeley

TIMOTHY P. GREELEY

UNITED STATES MAGISTRATE JUDGE

Dated: May 2, 2012

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